



Oncology Skills Checklist

A=No Experience B=Limited Experience C=Experienced D=Highly Skilled

MEDICATIONS/ IV THERAPY	A	B	C	D	Surgical Intervention:				
Administer PO Medications					Curative Surgery				
Administer Topical Medications					Diagnostic Surgery				
Administer IM / SQ Medications					Mechanical Devise Insertion				
Administer IV Medications					Palliative Surgery				
Needle-less Systems					Prophylactic Surgery				
Infusion Pumps					Reconstructive Surgery				
Establish Peripheral IVs					Rehabilitative Surgery				
Discontinue Peripheral IVs					Bone Marrow Transplant - Allogenic				
Pain Assessment / Management					Bone Marrow Transplant - Syngenic				
Draw Blood for Lab Studies									
Admin Blood / Blood Products									
Central Venous Lines (CVL)					ONCOLOGY HEALTH CARE SETTINGS	A	B	C	D
Hickman / Broviac Catheters					Adult				
PCA / CADD					Pediatrics				
Port-A-Cath					Cancer Center				
Infusaid					Radiation Oncology				
Infuse-A-Port					Surgical Oncology				
					Bone Marrow Unit				
					Research / Clinical Trials				
					Subacute / Skilled Nursing				
CARE OF ONCOLOGICAL PATIENT	A	B	C	D	Home Health Care:				
Head, Neck, Chest					Hospice				
Hematologic System					Clinic – Risk Assess/Screening/Diagnosis				
Gastrointestinal Tract					Clinic – Surgery / Gyn				
Reproductive System					Clinic – Medical / Hematology				
Skin (Melanomas / Nonmelanomas)					Clinic – Immunology / Infectious				
Urinary Tract									
Emergencies:									
Cardiac Tamponade					ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS				
Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation					Routes of Administration:				
Hypercalcemia					Oral / SQ / IM				
Organ Obstruction					Intravenous				
Sepsis					Intraarterial				
Spinal Cord Compression					Intrathecal / Intraventricular				
Superior Vena Cava Syndrome					Intraperitoneal (Tenckhoff Catheter)				
Tumor Lysis Syndrome					Intrapleural				
					Intravesicular				
Family / Psychosocial Needs:					Alkylating Agents:				
Patient / Family Education					Bulsulfan (Myleran)				
Advance Directives					Chlorambucil (Leukeran)				
Acute Phase					Cisplatin (Platinol)				
Chronic Phase					Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan)				
Terminal Phase					Mechlorethamine (Mustargen)				
Bereavement Phase									
After Treatment (Survivorship)					Antimetabolites:				
					Cytarabine (Ara-C)				
Cancer Therapy	A	B	C	D	Fluorouracil (5-FU)				
Radiation Therapy (RT):					Mercaptopurine (6-MP)				
Electromagnetic (Xrays, Gamma Rays)					Methotrexate				
Particulate (Alpha, Beta)					Leucovorin Rescue Protocol				
External Beam Therapy					Antineoplastic Antibiotics:				
Knowledge of Early Effects of RT					Bleomycin				
Knowledge of Interm. Effects of RT					Dactinomycin (Actinomycin)				
Knowledge of Late Effects of RT					Daunorubicin (DaunoXome)				
Brachytherapy (Sealed Sources):					Doxorubicin (Adriamycin)				
Interstitial Radiation Therapy					Plant Alkaloids:				
Intracavitary Radiation Therapy					Paclitaxel (Taxol)				
Intraluminal Radiation Therapy					Vinblastine (Velban)				
Radiopharmaceutical (Unsealed Sources):					Vincristine (Oncovin)				
Tracer Dose					Hormonal Antineoplastics:				
Therapeutic Dose					Leuprolide (Lupron)				

Megestrol (Megace)					Alopecia					
Tamoxifen (Nolvadex)					Dermatitis					
Testolactone (Teslac)					Hyperpigmentation					
Staff Minimize Risk of Exposure:					Genitourinary:					
During Preparation					Cystitis					
During Administration					Renal Toxicity					
During Disposal					Cardiovascular:					
					Cardiac Toxicity					
CLASSIFICATION OF NEOPLASMS					A	B	C	D		
Staging – TNM System					Phlebitis					
Tissue of Origin					Extravasation					
Biologic Behavior					Neurologic:					
Degree of Cell Differentiation					Neurotoxicity					
Anatomic Site					Ototoxicity					
					Metabolic Encephalopathy					
					Peripheral Neuropathy					
TREATMENT SIDE EFFECTS					A	B	C	D		
Recognition & Management of:					Pulmonary:					
Anxiety / Depression					Fibrosis					
Metabolic Alterations					Pneumonitis					
Hypersensitivity					Edema					
Fatigue					Reproductive:					
Hematopoietic:					Infertility					
Anemia					Changes in Libido					
Leukopenia					Erectile Dysfunction					
Thrombocytopenia					NUTRITION					
					Assess Nutritional Status	A	B	C	D	
Gastrointestinal:					Assess / Manage Nutritional Impairment					
Anorexia / Dehydration					Interpretation of Lab Values					
Nausea / Vomiting					Oral Feedings					
Constipation / Diarrhea					Enteral Tube Feeding					
Mucositis / Ulceration					Peripheral Parenteral Nutrition (PPN)					
Hepatic Toxicity					Central TPN					
Integumentary:										
<p>Age – Appropriate Care: Ability to adapt care to incorporate normal growth and development, adapt method and terminology of client instructions as it relates to the age and comprehension level of the client, and to ensure a safe environment – reflecting specific needs of the client and various age groups.</p>										
AGE					A	B	C	D	AGE	
Newborn (birth-30 days)					Adolescents (12 – 18 years)					
Infant (30 days – 1 year)					Young Adults (18 – 39 years)					
Toddler (1 – 3 years)					Middle Adults (39 – 64 years)					
Preschooler (3 – 5 years)					Older Adults (64 + years)					
School Age (5 – 12 years)										
<p>The information I have given is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, and I hereby authorize Southern Healthcare Agency to release this Skills Checklist to staffing clients of Southern Healthcare Agency. Submit this skills self evaluation with your initial application. To be updated annually.</p>										

Applicant Name & Title

Electronic Signature

Date